Abstract. According to the Council of Logistics Management, logistics contains the integrated planning, control, realization and monitoring of all internal and network-wide material-, part- and product flow including the necessary information flow in industrial and trading companies along the complete value-added chain (and product life cycle) for the purpose of conforming to customer requirements. Logistics is one of the main functions within a company. The main targets of logistics can be divided into performance related and cost related. They are high due date reliability, short delivery times, low inventory level and high capacity utilization. But when decisions need to be made, there is always a trade off between these targets. This is what makes being a logistician challenging and interesting. Inbound logistics is one of the primary processes and it concentrates on purchasing and arranging inbound movement of materials, parts and/or finished inventory from suppliers to manufacturing or assembly plants, warehouses or retail stores.

Key words: logistics, transport, production, disposal, sales

INTRODUCTION

The logistics is the science which is based on the investigations in the fields with support for system functionality with simple aim to realize their goals, functions and operations. It’s multi-disciplinarity area which provide the knowledge and realization of the approaching in: Information technologies, Operation investigations, System theory, Management theory and organization etc. In the trend of the modern operativity it’s known that logistics is the suma of activities which have had an aim to deal faster, better, more quality Just in time.

The logistics consist increasement of working efficiency with acceleration of the circulation of the the working means. This aim is realized by two ways: with decreasing of the average arranged time and by decreasing of the average suma of the arranged means. The logistics as a dealing function has accepted all needed deals with complex preparation and realization of the place and time transformation for the goods and knowledges. The logistics is directed for useful of the human resources and means with simple goal to put the goods and products for the market just in time, on the real place, with the needed quantity, quality and prize with exact goal to put the goods and products for the market just in time, on the real place, with the needed quantity, quality and prize. The logistical system of the company consist a lot of fixed points where raw materials and other materials and goods sometimes left as independent in the production process or in the warehouse.

The connection between these fixed points provide the transportation system. The transport provide movement of the goods between different fixed points and bridged the place between the buyer and seller. The choice of the transporter is the decision factor for the companies in determination of the function efficiency of the total capacity in the supplying chain and secondly the determination of the concurrent position of the company, demand of the products on the determined market, also.

According to the efficiency and economic functionality of the logistics system in the company, explicitely is needed transport system knowledge. The transport increase the value of company creating useful in time and place. Additional value is expressed by physical movement of the goods which go to the determined place. This role of the transport is specially important in the globalization conditions, when the company has got geographical dispersion activities or are so far from the origin of the supplying, effecting problems in transport etc.

In the condition of the global economy the supplying chain become longer because of role increasement and meaning of the transport function which have to provide the huge distance in the intention to connect the buyers and sellers. That is expressed to increasement of the transport costs. Also, the huge distances and routes prolong the time of the transport realization and effect to the keeping of the bigger quantities of inventor, increasing the inventor costs. The longer distances and routes have prolonged the time of transport realization, effecting to the bigger quantities of the inventor and bigger costs. It’s evidently to conclude that longer distance between buyers and sellers mean higher costs for transport and inventor keeping.
General modality of the transport and optimization of the inventor flow

The logistics manager has got five general modalities of transport which have different economic and technical structure and each one from them offer different service quality. The general ways of transportation are following: rail, road, ocean-water, air and pipelines. At the market of the transport service there is strong expressed concurrence between separately types of transport. The concurrence of the separately types of transport is determined by following characteristics: Transport ability, Security, Safely, Speed, Transport flexibility, Transport service costs.

The development of the transport offers today is very importantly high and this transport represent most developed transport of goods and services. Also, there is perfectly characterizing with strong concurrence between different transport types. To make exact choice for way of transport or concrete transporter it’s needed to see concurrence advantages in each one concrete situation. The optimization problem of the inventor is set then from the demand to determine program of the supplying of the determined numbers od determined places, which are defined as demand places at the determined original points with minimization of the transport costs. This type of problem may be appeared in different situation: Optimization of supplying for determined numbers of buyers for determined enterprises, Optimization of the supplying of the determined number of warehouses in production, Optimization of the supplying/delivery from some warehouse.

In all of these cases the problems of optimization are the inventor flows between determined places (demand) and origin places (offer). In the practical application of the transport model there are possible three cases: Total offers and demands are equal, Total offers are bigger than total demand, and Total demand is bigger tha total offers.

Logwin AG

The Logwin AG brand has became since 2008, but successful worked with their clients yet more than twenty years. Logwin AG is one of the leading companies in Europe in the field of the logistics using innovative logistics services. The specialities are in: Solutions: project-logistical decision for different clients, Air+Ocean: global air and ocean /sea transport, Road+Rail: transport in Central, Western and Eastern Europe. There are more than 8.500 workers in 250 location around the 37 countries from all continents, very good cover from all continents, Central, Western and Eastern Europe. Asia and Latin America.

Group structure

Logwin in hole is the logistics partner for different companies with an idea: “We’ll advance your business for the longer period with our Logistics and Services ” (Beginning: 1996, Workers: 40, Area: 5500 m², Warehouse: 1750 m², Logistics operation: 3500 m², Number of ports for manipulation: 15, Manipulation system: Trolley system, Capacity of the hanging inventor: 300.000 pieces, Capacity of pallets: 3000 pallets, Manipulation of the 14,4 ml. GOH pieces. The company has worked with: Local transport and distribution in Macedonia, Export & Import with the EU countries and the Region, Air and Ocean transport, All types for Customs formalities. Textile logistics: Supplying Logistics, Consolidation of the basic and auxiliary materials, Deconsolidation of the basic and auxiliary materials, Services and distribution of materials, Supervision of the technological processes, Location of the different products (textile), Just in time (JIT) philosophy.

Warehouse

The warehouse of the hanging confection with capacity of 300.000 pieces by Trolley system, The warehouse for rolls: 20.000 pieces, Customs warehouse with open/closed type, Free customs warehouse, Value-Added Services, Quality/Quantity control, Sorting and commissioning, Packing, VPN connection with clients, Outsourcing/ CAD – Computer Aided Design, CAM – Computer Aided Manufacture, Preparation and dealing of the Export & Import documents.

Transportation (01.01.2010 to 31.12.2010)

CONCLUSION

Logwin AG is one of the leading companies in Europe in the field of the logistics using innovative logistics services. The specialities are in: Solutions: project-logistical decision for different clients, Air+Ocean: global air and ocean/sea transport, Road+Rail: transport in Central, Western and Eastern Europe. There are more than 8,500 workers in 250 location around the 37 countries from all continents, very good cover from all continents, Central, Western and Eastern Europe. The company has worked with: Local transport and distribution in Macedonia, Export &
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